

IMPLEMENTING THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS THROUGH THE NEXT MULTI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL FRAMEWORK

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SUSTAINABLE GENALS





2015 – leaders from 193 countries of the world came together to face the future



Framework - Millennium Development Goals (ended 2015)

Financing - 3rd Financing for Development Conference (Addis Ababa July 2015)

Principles - Rio Declaration on Environment and Development



A new paradigm: from growth to sustainable development



Sustainable development is development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

For sustainable development to be achieved, it is crucial to harmonize three core elements:

- Economic growth
- Social inclusion
- Environmental protection



From aspirations to actions: a transformative approach

2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development - 17 goals 169 targets



Universality - goals apply to every nation ... and every sector. Cities, businesses, schools, organizations, all are challenged to act.

Integration - goals are all inter-connected, in a system. We cannot aim to achieve just one Goal. We must achieve them all.

Transformation - goals involves making very big, fundamental changes in how we live on Earth.



EU leadership in SDG implementation - at home and abroad: speaking as one voice the EU has a stronger weight

"We need a budget to achieve our aims. The budget for us is therefore not an accounting tool, but a means to achieve our political goals"



November 2016 - Commission communication on the 'Next steps for a sustainable European future'

June 2017 – Council conclusions "EU response to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development – a sustainable European future"

June 2017 – Joint Statement Consensus on Development "Our world, our dignity, our future"





In 2018– Eurostat has developed a set of 100 Indicators for monitoring progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals in EU. Aligned with the UN list of global indicators, they focus on dimensions relevant to the EU in the context of long-term EU Policies. Eurostat has launched an exercise for reviewing them.

October 2018 – The multi-stakeholder platform's (group gathering organizations from the civil society engaged in the diverse aspects of SDGs) has prepared a contribution paper for the Reflection Paper (paper approved on 11th October).

End 2018/beginning of 2019 – Approval of a Reflection Paper "Towards a sustainable Europe by 2030, This paper will provide the backbone for EU position for the United Nations High Level Political Forum which will take place in July 2019.





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Commission Action Plan for financing sustainable growth

Fostering sustainable investments has been identified as a priority in the Capital Markets Union's (CMU) mid-term review, and the Commission has proposed a roadmap to lay the right conditions and incentives for investors to fund projects such as low-carbon and energy-efficient infrastructure.

The Action Plan aims to further connect finance with the specific needs of the European and global economy for the benefit of the planet and our society. The Action Plan has three objectives:

1. Re-orient capital flows towards sustainable investment, in order to achieve sustainable and inclusive growth;

2. Manage financial risks stemming from climate change, natural disasters, environmental degradation and social issues;

3. Foster transparency and long-termism in financial and economic activity.





Q2 2019 – the Commission will publish a report on a taxonomy on climate change adaptation and other environmental activities as well as a report on green bond standards.

Q2 2019 – the Commission will publish its fitness check of EU legislations on public corporate reporting and amend its non-binding guidelines on non-financial reporting and will adopt a delegated act on the content of the prospectus for green bond issuances and publish a comprehensive study on sustainability ratings and research.





SDGs in the current EU spending programmes



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7 ALTORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY

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8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

11

9 HOUSTRY, INCOM

EU dimension

End to poverty in all its manifestations, including extreme EAGF, EMFF, AFIS, poverty, over the next 15 years

End hunger and malnutrition, and ensure access to safe, nutritious and sufficient food

Ensure health and well-being for



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SDGs



quality education through all stages of life

Ending all forms of

discrimination, violence, and any harmful practices against women and girls in the public and private spheres

Ensuring universal access to safe and affordable drinking water, sanitation and hygiene

EAGF, Humanitarian Aid

Erasmus+, EaSI, ESC, ESF,

IcSP, Humanitarian Aid

Progress made in reducing its energy consumption, in securing sustainable energy supply and in improving access to affordable

energy Fostering sustainable economic

and in providing decent work opportunities

Progress in strengthening R&D and innovation and in promoting sustainable transport

EFSI, COSME, Erasmus+, growth, in increasing employment EaSI, ESC, Customs, ISA2, ESF, EAGF, Creative Europe, IPA II,

> ITER, EFSI, COSME, CEF, ISA2, ESF, EAGF,

SDGs

EU dimension

EU Programmes

10 REDUCED MEDIALITIES ⊜

Reducing inequalities between and within countries and in achieving social inclusion and safe migration

Climate mitigation efforts and in

Climate impacts are measured to

assess how and to what extent climate

establishing climate initiatives.

Erasmus+, ESC, Customs, ESF, EAGF, AFIS, REC. Humanitarian Aid

11 SUSTAINABLE O Enriching the quality of life in cities and communities, in promoting



ITER, EFSI, ESF, EAGF,

LIFE, Humanitarian Aid



Decoupling environmental impacts from economic growth, in decreasing Customs, LIFE, its energy consumption and in tackling Food&Feed, Consumer, waste generation and management

13 DEMATE

change is affecting Europe 14 BELOW WATER ***

Advancing marine conservation, in fostering sustainable fishery and in ensuring healthy oceans

EMFF.



Improving the status of ecosystems, in decelerating land degradation and in EAGF, LIFE, preserving biodiversity

16 PEACE JISTIC AND STRONG DISTITUTIONS in promoting access to justice and in $\mathbf{\Sigma}$ safeguarding effective justice systems CFSP, EIDHR,

Ensuring peace and personal security, Erasmus+, ESC, ESF, ISF, Justice, IPA II,



Progress in strengthening global partnership and in improving the financial governance in the EU

Copernicus, ISA2, CFSP, EIDHR, IcSP,





Humanitarian Aid EFSI, Erasmus+, ESF, EAGF, Humanitarian Aid

EU Programmes

EFSI, Erasmus+, ESC, ESF,

EAGF, EMFF, Food&Feed,

EMFF, Food&Feed, Health,

Humanitarian Aid

Humanitarian Aid

EFSI, Erasmus+, ESC,



European Fund for Strategic Investments (EFSI)



Showcasing the success of the 'Juncker Plan' in using the EU budget to mobilise private investment



EU BUDGET FOR THE FUTURE MFF 2021-2027





RESEARCH AND INNOVATION



■ Building on the success of the EU's past flagship research and innovation programmes, the Commission proposes to increase investment in researchinnovation and digital by allocating €114.2 billion for the future MFF.

Digital Europe Programme & Connecting Europe Facility - Digital International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor (ITER) Euratom Research and Training Programme Innovation Window InvestEU Fund

Horizon Europe

Investing in the future



Source: European Commission

Note: Compared to the Multiannual Financial Framework 2014-2020 at EU-27 (estimate)

Source: European Commission



Streamlining tools to promote investment: **INVESTEU FUND**





□ A new, fully integrated investment fund: InvestEU

- Mobilise significant private resources with a relatively limited amount of public resources for much needed investments throughout Europe
- Reducing overlaps, simplify access to funding and reduce administrative burden



REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND COHESION



- □ A strengthened link with the European Semester
- □ A simplified framework and less red tape for the beneficiaries of the funds
- □ A more tailored approach to regional development
- □ Relative per capita income as the predominant criterion for allocating funds









□ The proposals upgrade the European Social Fund into a European Social Fund+ with an overall budget of €100 billion, simplifying and increasing its effectiveness.

 More than doubling the size of a substantially strengthened, inclusive and extended Erasmus+ programme, further promoting learning mobility across the EU.

Source: European Commission



COMMON AGRICULTURAL POLICY

□ The modernised Common Agricultural Policy based on a new delivery model will:

- Place a greater emphasis on the environment and climate;
- Support the transition towards a more sustainable agricultural sector;
- Support the development of vibrant rural areas.
- □ The modernised policy will have a budget of €365 billion and continue to be built around two pillars:
 - direct payments to farmers and
 - rural development funding.

□ For rural development, the Commission proposes to increase national co-financing rates. In addition, an amount of €10 billion in Horizon Europe will support research and innovation in food, agriculture, rural development and the bioeconomy.



SUSTAINABILITY, ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AND FIGHT

Climate Mainstreaming contributing to climate objectives

20% of Multiannual Financial Framework 2014-2020, EU 28 = **206 billion**



□ LIFE programme will be strengthen (€5.4 billion) and will also support measures promoting energy efficiency and clean energy.

- Common Agricultural Policy will place a greater emphasis on environment and climate. It will support the transition towards more sustainable ways of providing safe and high-quality food for the EU's consumers.
- □ All farmers receiving area payments will have to comply with a range of requirements related to climate change, water, soil, biodiversity and landscapes.



NEIGHBOURHOOD AND THE WORLD (1)



Over half of all development **aid** comes from the EU and its members, making them collectively the **world's largest aid donor**.

- The Commission proposes to increase investment in the external actions up to 26% to reach €123 billion in the future long-term EU budget.
- Major restructuring of the EU's external action instruments to provide better coherence, build on cooperation effectiveness, simplify processes and use economies of scale.
- New neighbourhood, development and international cooperation instrument





