

Circular Economy - How to connect policy, research and business?

Milano

Digitalization as enabler of the resource efficient circular economy?

May 10, 2019

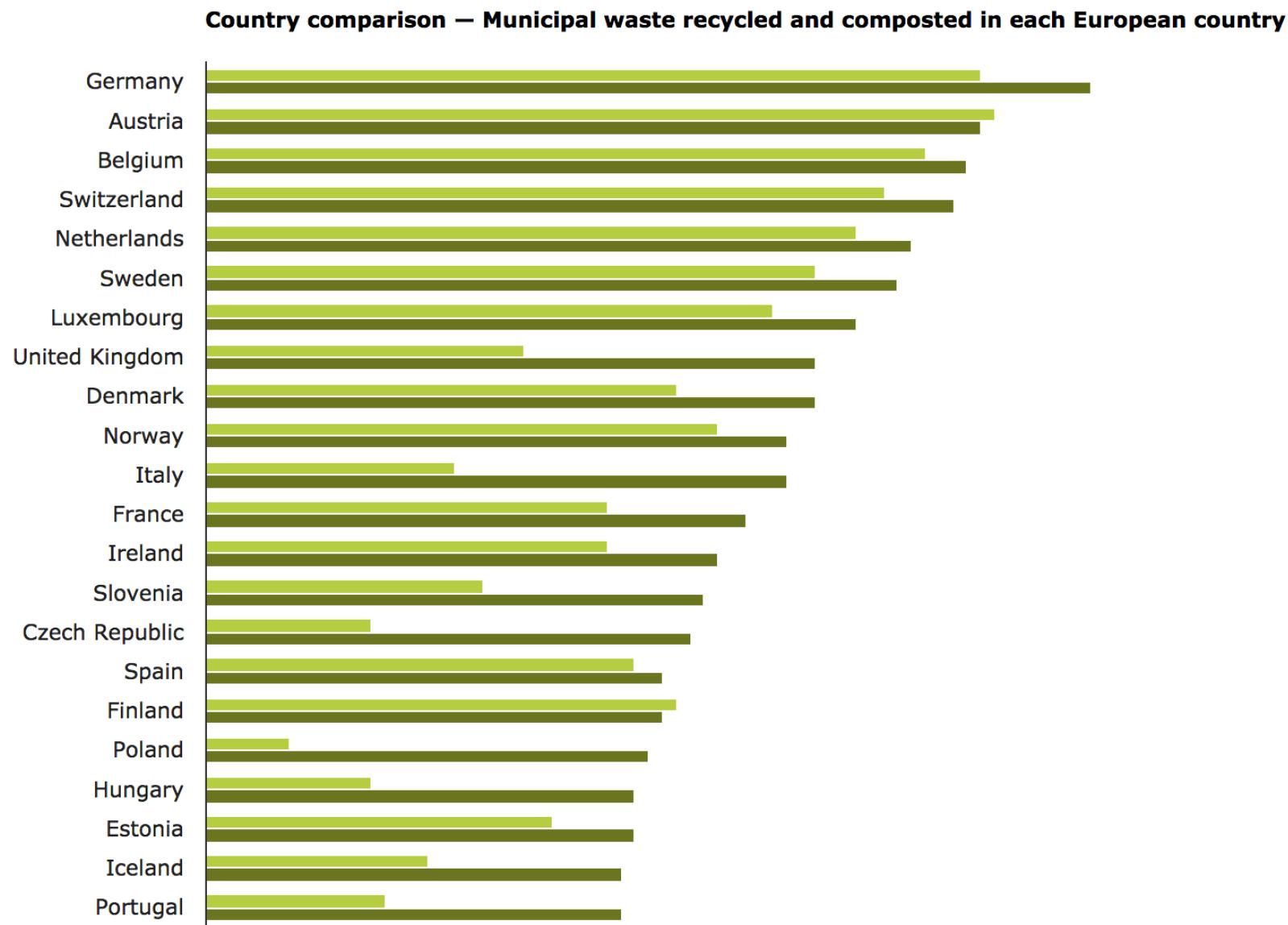
Henning Wilts

Director Circular Economy

Wuppertal Institute for Climate, Environment, Energy

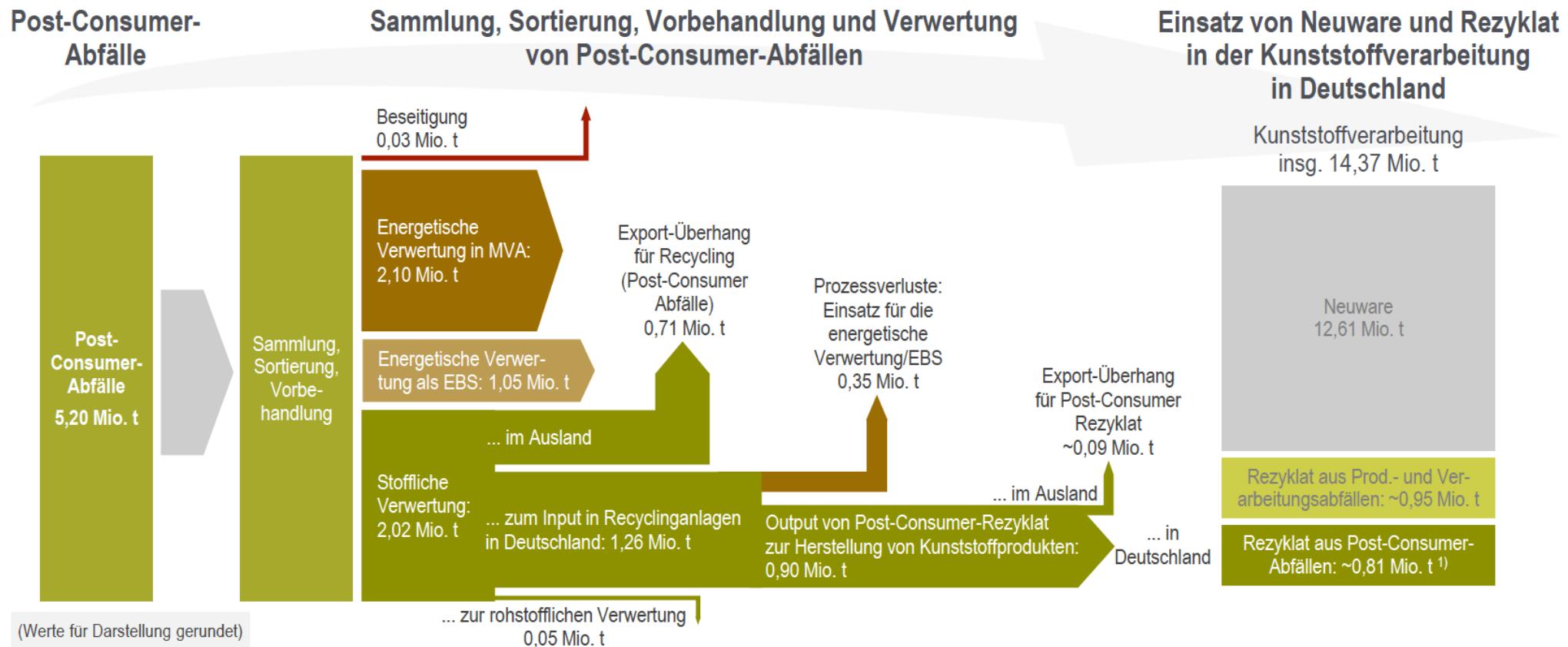


From waste management to circular systems



Source: EEA 2018

What do recovery rates actually tell us? Germany: 99,2% for plastic packaging...

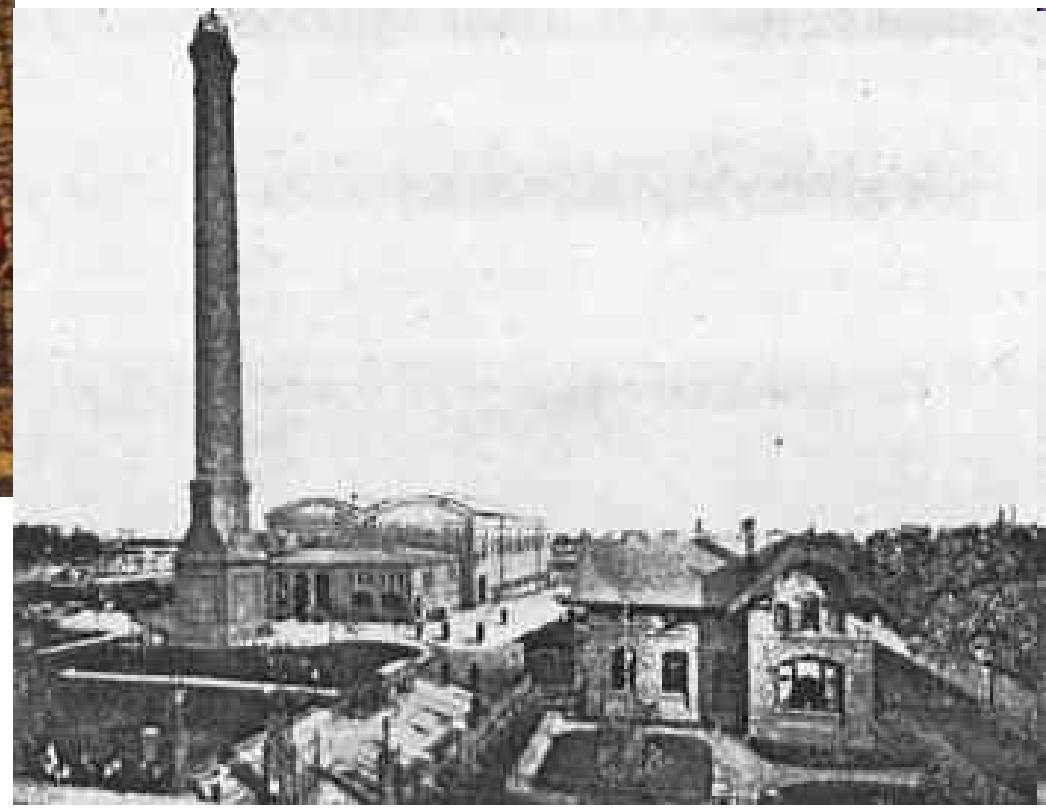




Goal: safe disposal of waste

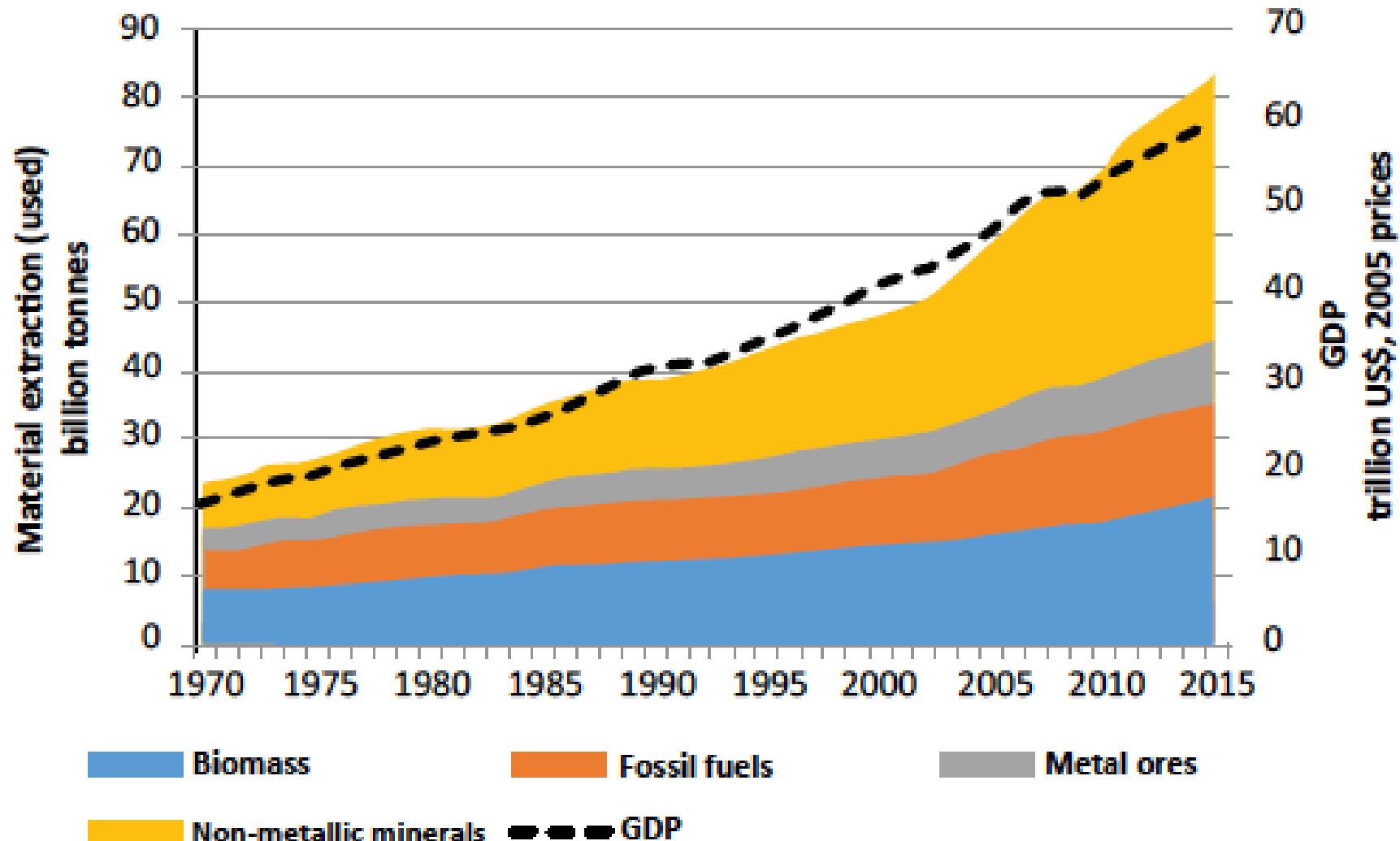


<http://www.br-online.de/bildung/databrd/mittel7.htm/mit7b20.jpg>



www.srh.de

Goal: sustainable use of resources

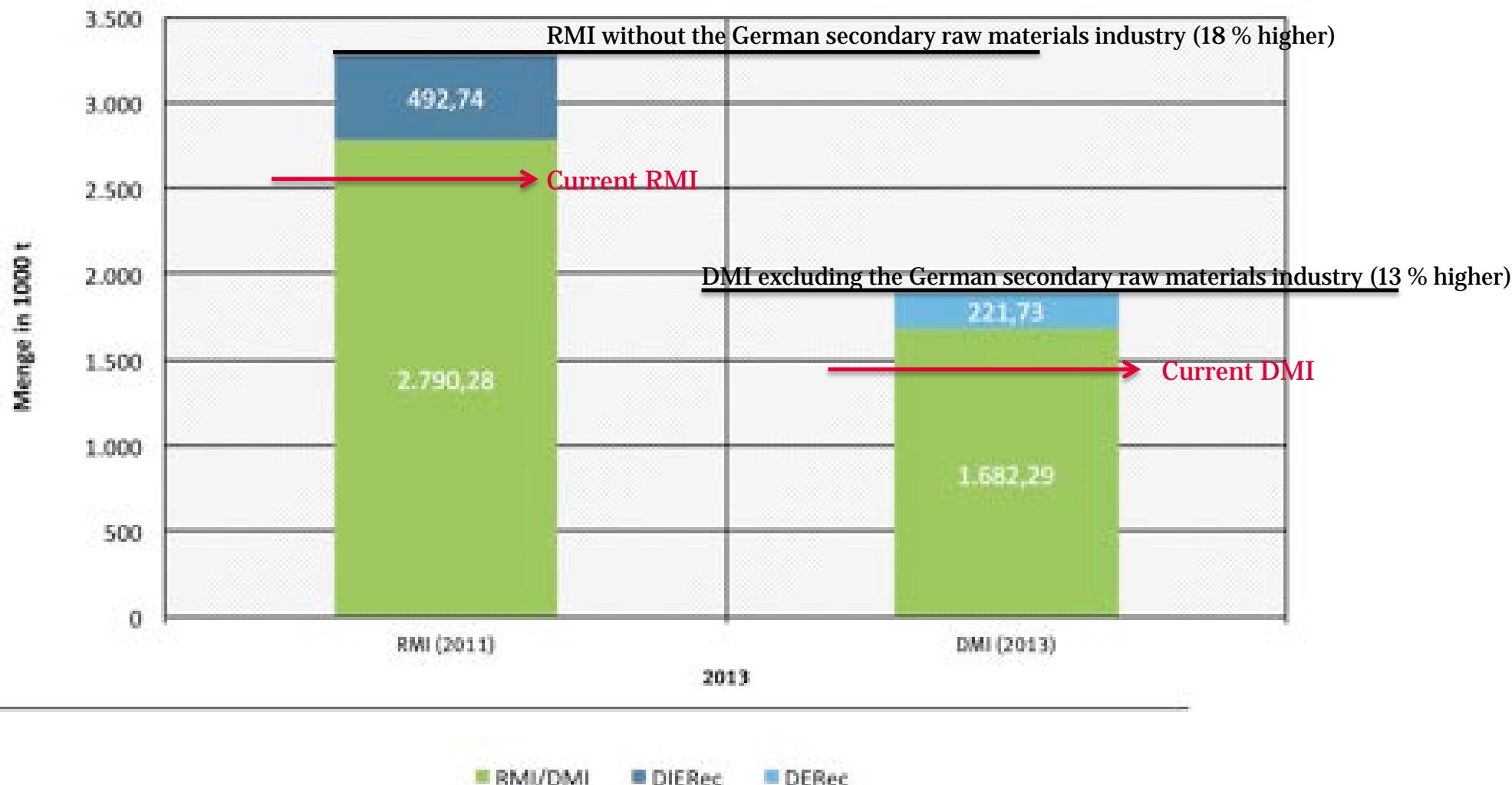


Source: UNEP 2017



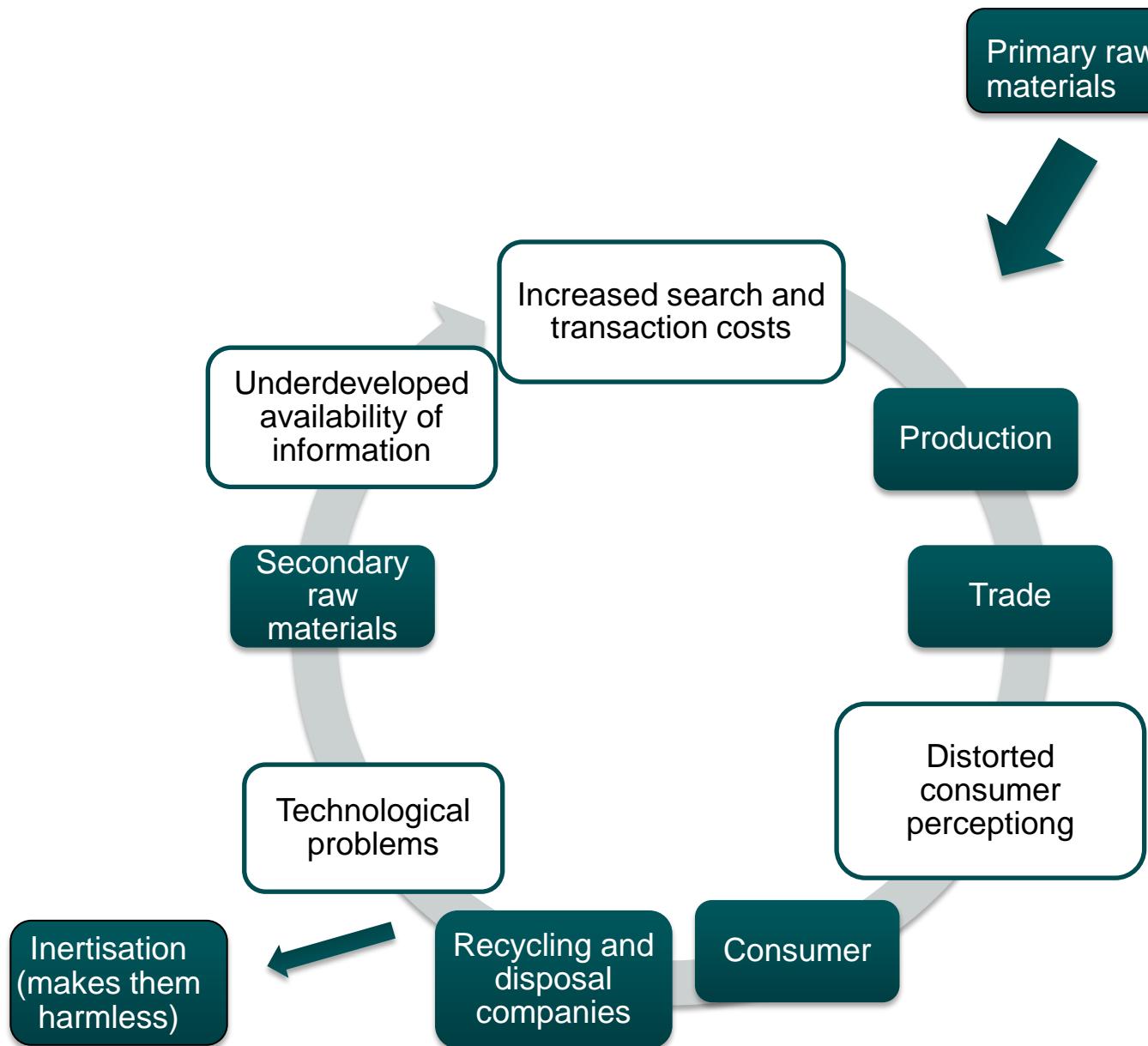
Reduction of the theoretical raw material requirement by the secondary raw material economy

DIERec and DERec in relation to DMI and RMI



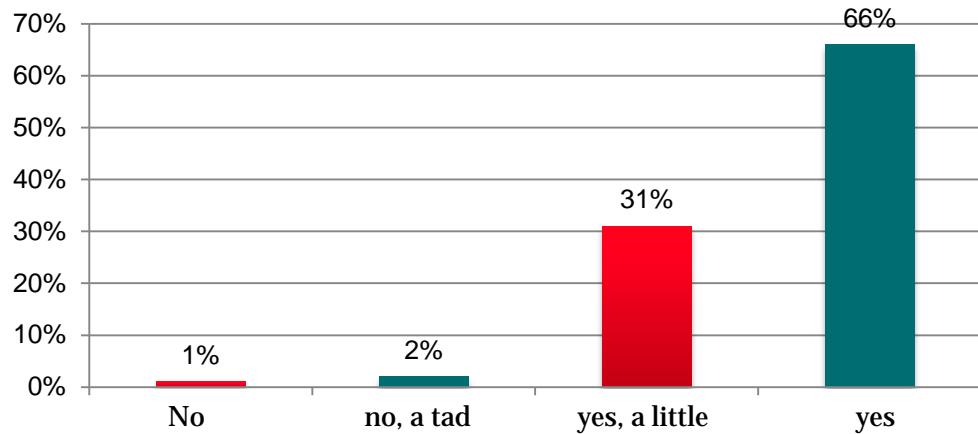


Barriers in the circular economy

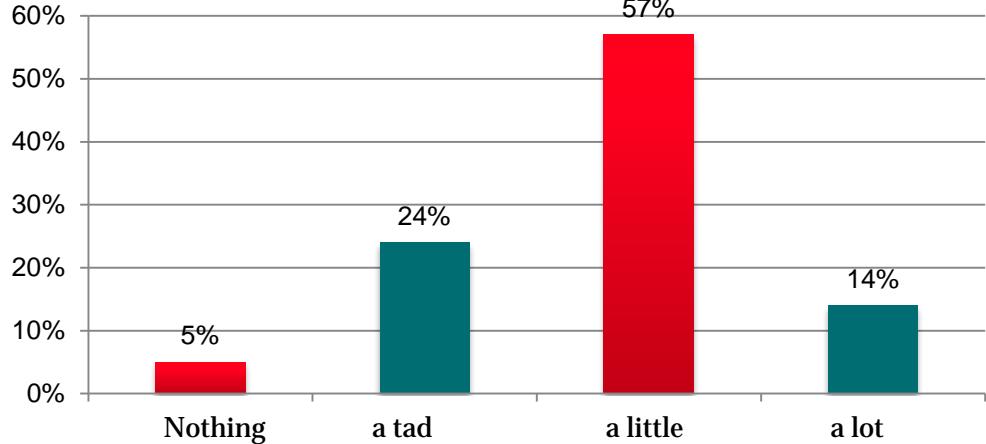




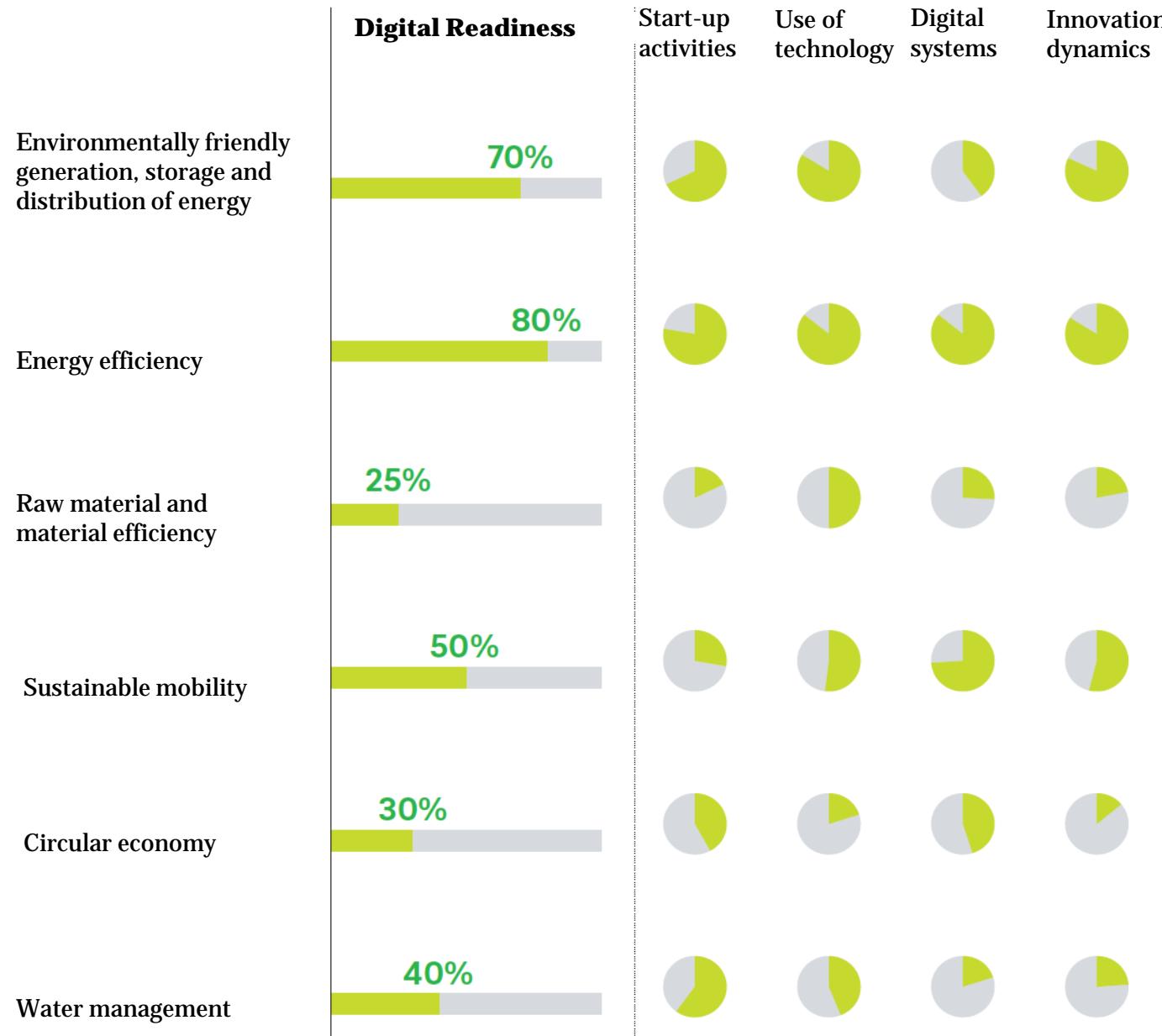
Will the 4th Industrial Revolution have an impact on waste management and recycling?



Knowledge status of the participants about the 4th Industrial Revolution



„Digital Readiness in Comparison of Environmental Technologies“



Source: Roland Berger 2017 (Translated)



Digital transformation offers itself as an ideal precursor of a circular economy

Practical considerations

Sensoring

- Real-time data collection and generation
- automated market and logistics platforms ("UBER for waste")

Cyber Physical Systems

- Information about products throughout the entire production process

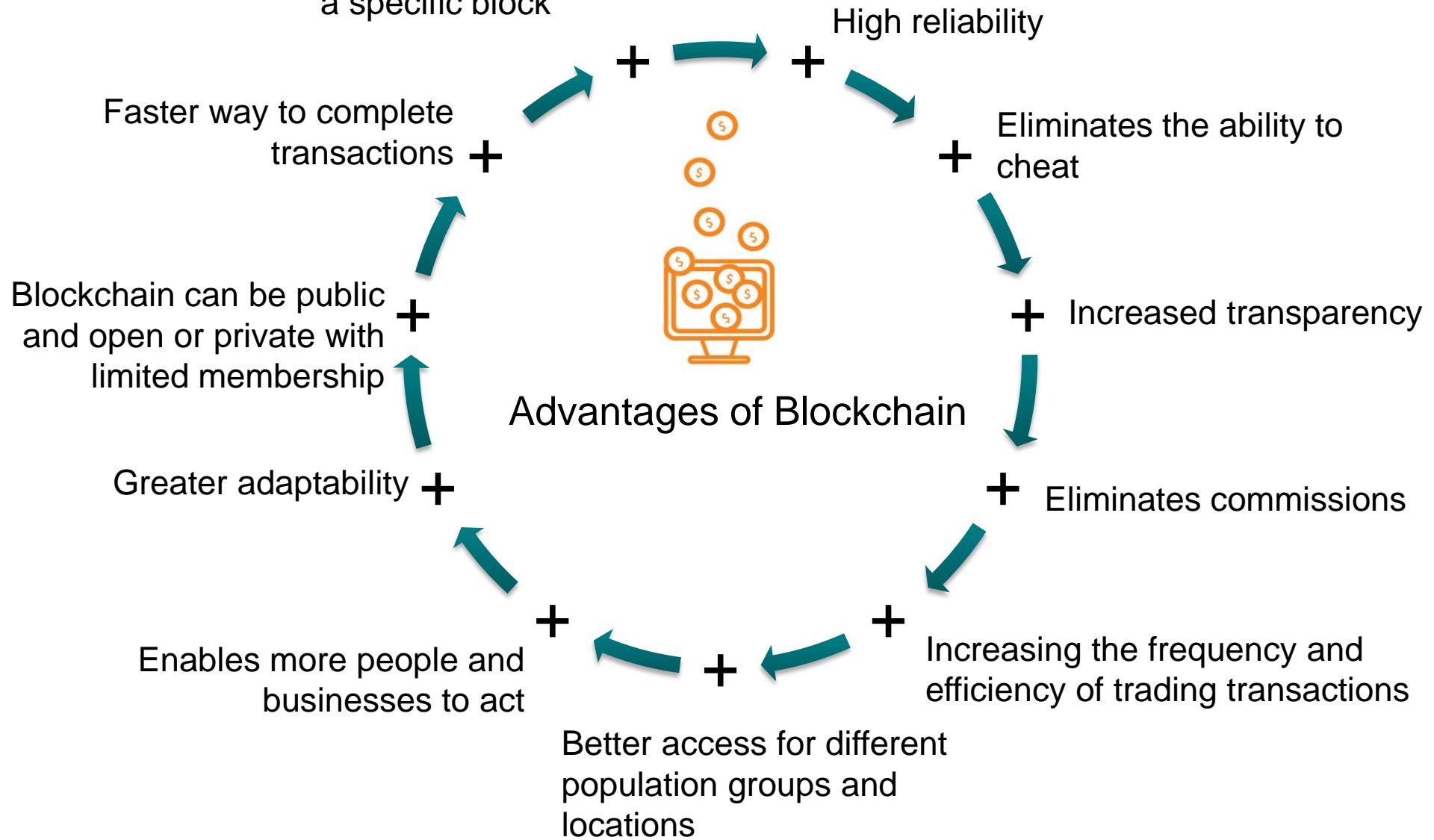
Block Chain

- Waste data flows without inference to production technology

Internet of Things

- Self-marketing of recycled products

More security: While large banks are vulnerable to hacking attacks, it's almost impossible to hack into a specific block



Feasibility study in the context of ClimateKIC: Blockchain-based deposit solutions

The blockchain approach as business model for deposit solutions in densely populated, optimally isolated regions (e.g. tourist island destinations)

- Access to separately collected, homogeneous materials with a positive market value and a collection rate of 80%.
- Cost savings through reduced dispersion
- Access to data on the life cycle of products
- Dynamic incentive for actual recyclable product design through individual producer responsibility

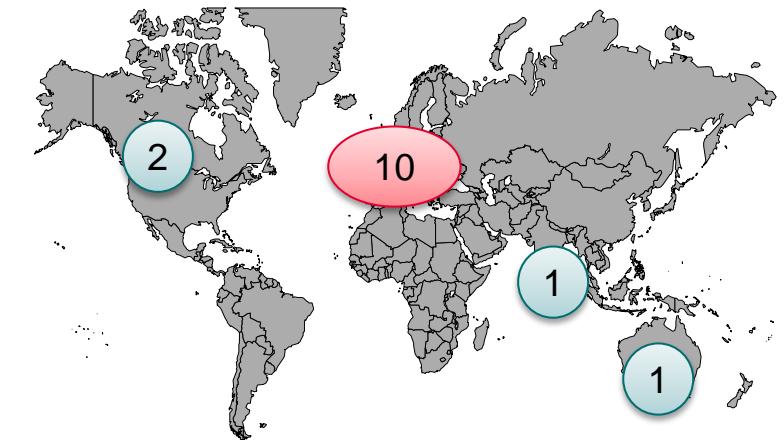


Characteristics of the analyzed blockchain networks

Number of identified and analyzed blockchain networks:

14 Geographical coverage:

- mainly: global (9)
- Rest: transnational/two countries (1), national (3) and regional (1)].



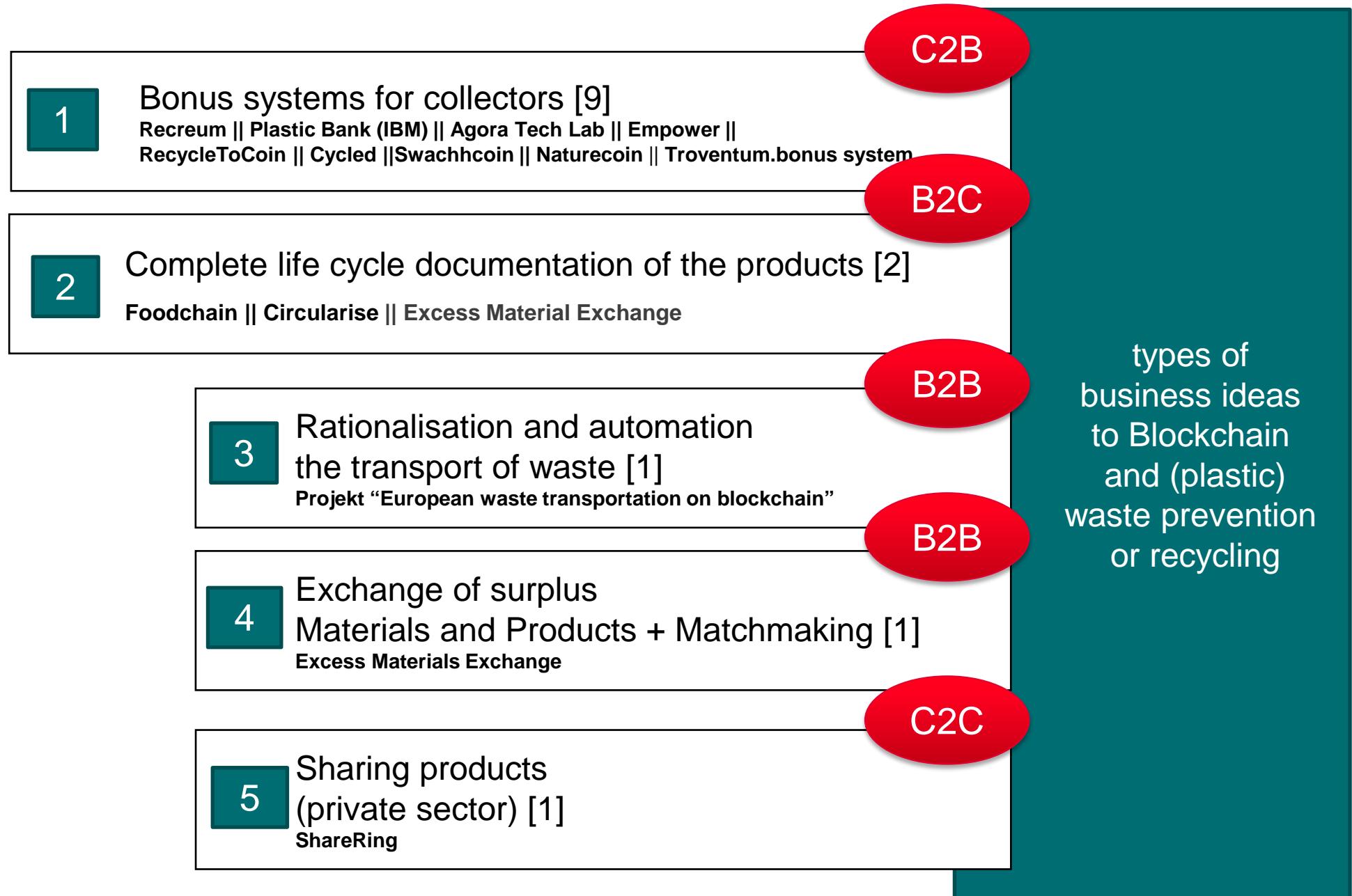
Status:

- only 2 are fully functional
- Rest: development phase (7), pilot projects under way (4), early operational phase (1)].

Materials considered:

- Plastic waste (4),
- Various types of waste/old products (including plastics) (8),
- Other (2) [Food and its supply chain (1); exchange platform for different types of products and services (1)].

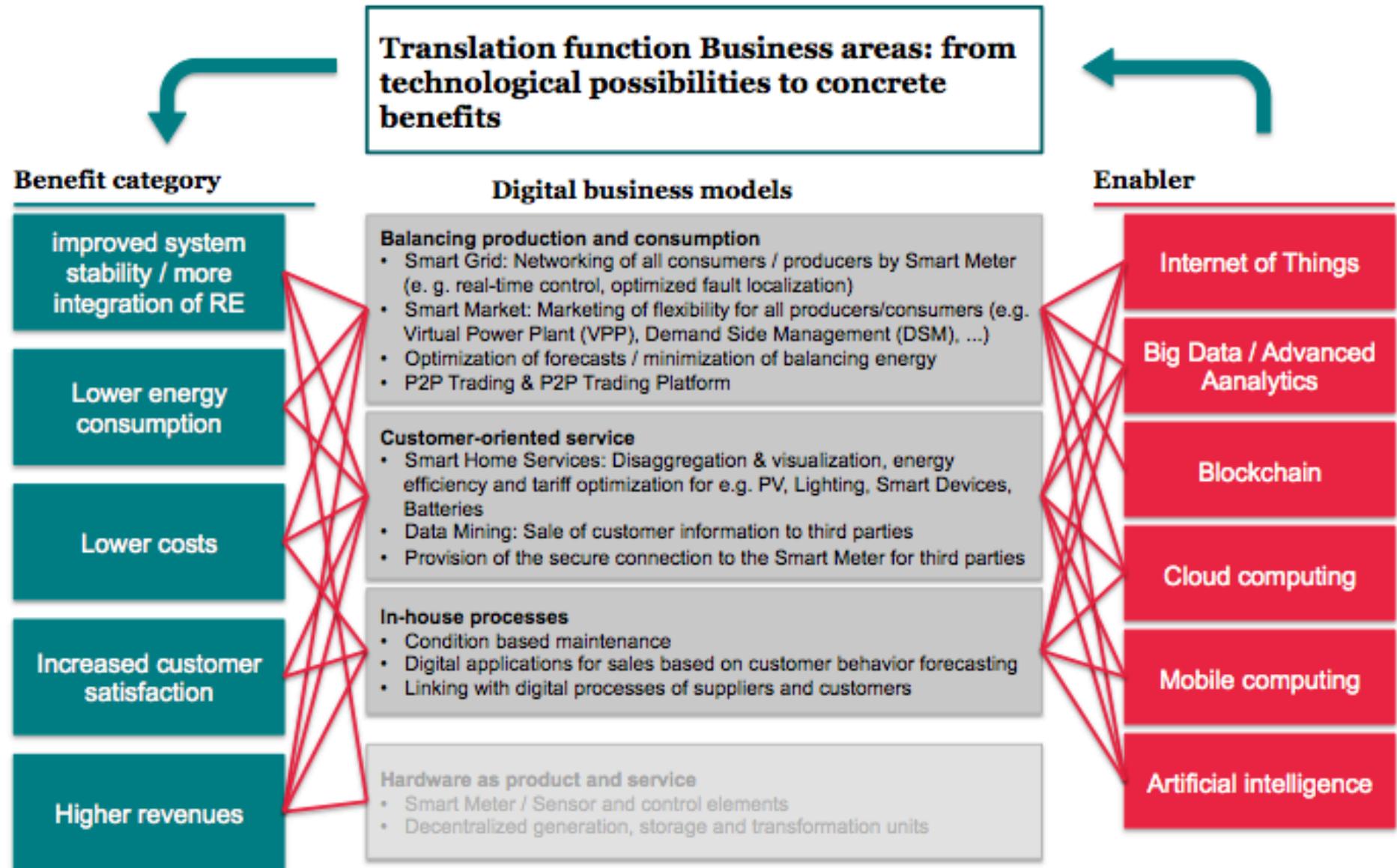
Overview of the five types of business ideas





Di-Plast aims to increase the use of recycled plastic by providing a more stable supply and quality of recycled material:

- Sensors generate data within the supply chains,
 - Data Analytics provides information about quality and availability,
 - Value Stream Management improves processes and logistics,
 - Environmental assessments validate sustainability.
-
- 4 pilots enable 12 companies to increase the use of recyclate by 4 Kt.
 - Uptake Manager (UM) enable 90 companies to introduce technologies, understand the benefits of recycling and achieve an 18Kt increase



Source: Weigel, Fischedick, 2018 (Customized and translated)

Digitalization is also not an end in itself!

Society

„Digital Education“
Free access to information...

„Digital Dementia“
Entertainment-Society, Fake-News,
exclusion,...

Economy

„Enabler Transformation“
Implementation assistance of
Energy efficiency, RES integration
of Traffic management

„Rebound Effects“
Feedback effects due to changes in
customer behaviour

Example: Displacement of local public
transport by autonomous driving, production
of on-demand products by 3D printing

Ecology

„Digital Circular Economy“
Cycles/Increase in resource
efficiency through (Big) Data

„Resource Dissipation“
growth and dissipation of critical
resources (backpacks)

Example: Electricity consumption Bitcoin,
critical resources in the manufacture of digital
products

**Thank you very much
for your attention!**

Dr. Henning Wilts

henningwi@wupperinst.org

